

TAYLOR FALLS REPORTER

T. H. PRATT, Editor
OFFICIAL PAPER OF TOWN AND COUNTY
Thursday, July 12, 1860.

To Correspondents.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. All articles intended for publication must be accompanied with the name of the writer, and all articles on matters of public interest, if written in a proper spirit, shall receive due attention.

M. C. Tuttle is our authorized agent at St. Paul. His receipt will be acknowledged by us, until further notice.

ROBERT A. LARSON is our authorized agent in Chicago-155 Randolph street.

S. D. Williams is our authorized agent at Okeech, Wis.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention will assemble at Saint Paul, on Wednesday, August 15, 1860, at 12 M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices:

**TWO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS,
ONE STATE AUDITOR,
ONE CLERK SUPREME COURT,
FOUR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.**

If the different counties will be entitled to be represented in the Convention by delegates, who are "one the residents of the counties from which they are accredited, as follows:

Anoka.....	2	Meeker.....	1
Beaumont.....	1	Mower.....	3
Blue Earth.....	1	Nicollet.....	2
Brown.....	2	Olus.....	2
Carver.....	1	Ramsey.....	11
Chicago.....	2	Rice.....	6
Dakota.....	3	Scott.....	5
Dodge.....	1	Sherburne.....	1
Faribault.....	1	Sibley.....	3
Freeborn.....	2	Stearns.....	4
Hennepin.....	11	Steele.....	2
Hill.....	1	Washington.....	2
Goodhue.....	1	Winona.....	7
Hennepin.....	11	Wright.....	3
Houston.....	2		
Le Sueur.....	1		
Morrison.....	1		
McLeod.....	1		

Counties not enumerated will be entitled to one delegate each.

The State Central Committee would recommend, in order to prevent the confusion resulting from changes made in the middle of the campaign, that the County Conventions which assemble under this call, select the County Committees for the ensuing year.

By order Republican State Central Committee,
DANIEL ROBERTS, Chairman.
St. Paul, June 12, 1860.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

How the Democrats Feel.

The nomination of Breckenridge and Lane by the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore, put a sudden damper on the feelings of the Douglas men throughout the land, and many of the leaders of that party, seeing no hope for the election of their favorite candidate, will beyond a doubt cast their votes for the Republican nominees. Already do they believe and admit, almost without argument, that neither Douglas nor Breckenridge can be elected by the people, and that Lincoln alone stands any show of an election.

That Douglas can carry a single Northern State is not certain, and that Breckenridge will take the entire South, with perhaps the exception of one or two States, which will go for Bell and Everett, no sane man who will take the trouble to scan the political horizon, will doubt for a moment.

In case there is no election by the people, then Lane of Oregon, will undoubtedly be our next President. There is no gaining this fact, for by any possibility the election should go to Congress, the result will be inevitably, no election by the House, and the election of Joe Lane as Vice President by the Senate. After the 4th of March in virtue of this election, of course he would become President of the United States.

And this is what the "National Democrats" are bending all their energies to accomplish. They know as does every sensible man, that there is not the ghost of a chance of his election by the people, but a decidedly good one for him to carry more electoral votes than Douglas can obtain; and in the contingency of no election by the people, this would bring the names of Breckenridge and Lane before the House and Senate. As things now stand, it is not probable that the House could elect, and of course it would then devolve upon the Senate to make a choice, and Lane would be the man. This would be a catastrophe that all who love their country should endeavor to prevent, and we see no other mode of doing it, than by voting for "HONEST OLD ABE."

That many will concur with us in the views above set forth, we do not doubt, and that Lincoln will be the next President, we are morally certain.

Put that in your pipes, ye Douglas and Breckenridge men, and smoke it.

A New daily paper is soon to be started in St. Paul, by Mr. Young, at present the editor of the Henderson Democrat. It will support Breckenridge and Lane.

Where Gov. Johnson Stands.

Herschel V. Johnson was so little known to the people and press of the country outside of Georgia, says an exchange, previous to his nomination at Baltimore, that little else could be affirmed of him than that he called himself a Democrat and advocated a Territorial Slave Code. Since his nomination, however, some curiosity has been excited as to his political affiliations and antecedents. It appears that at the Democratic State Convention which met at Milledgeville, Georgia, on the 4th of last month, to consider the action of the Charleston Convention, there was a great strife between the friends and opponents of the Seceders and an effort made to send a new delegation to Baltimore. Gov. Johnson headed the faction who opposed the secession at Charleston and desired to send another set of delegates to Baltimore. He presented from the business committee, the following report:

MINORITY REPORT.

Resolved, That we affirm the Cincinnati platform with the following additional propositions:

1st. That the citizens of the United States have an equal right to settle with their property of any kind, in the organized Territories of the United States, and that under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Dred Scott, which we recognize as the correct exposition of the Constitution in this particular, slave property stands on the same footing as all other descriptions of property, and that neither the General Government, NOR ANY TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT, can destroy or impair the right to slave property in the territories, any more than the right to any other description of property; that property of all kinds, slaves as well as any other species of property, in the territories, stand upon the same equal and broad Constitutional basis, subject to like principles of recognition and protection in the LEGISLATIVE, JUDICIAL and EXECUTIVE departments of the Government.

2d. That we will support any man who may be nominated by the Baltimore Convention, for the presidency, who holds the principles set forth in the foregoing proposition, and all who will give him their endorsement, and that we will not hold ourselves bound to support any man, who may be the nominee, who entertains principles inconsistent with those set forth in the above propositions, or who denies that slave property in the territories does stand on an equal footing, and on the same Constitutional basis of other descriptions of property.

In view of the fact that a large majority of the delegates from Georgia felt it to be their duty to withdraw from the late Democratic Convention, thereby depriving this State of her vote therein, according to the decision of the Convention.

Resolved, That this Convention will appoint twenty delegates—four from the State at large, and two from each Congressional District—to represent the Democratic party of Georgia, at the adjourned Convention at Baltimore, on the 18th inst., and that said delegates be and they are hereby instructed to present the foregoing propositions, and ask their adoption by the National Democratic Convention.

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,
THOS. P. SAFFOLD,
H. COLVARD,

This report, after debate, was rejected and the majority reported adopted, 299 to 41, whereupon the minority, under the lead of Gov. Johnson, seceded, and the adopted the bogus Delegates who were admitted by the Douglas majority into the Baltimore Convention upon an equal footing with the regularly appointed Delegation.

This, however, is not material. But the sentiments embodied in Gov. Johnson's reports are worthy of special notice. They point emphatically to a Territorial Slave Code, and deny explicitly that doctrine of "Squatter Sovereignty," upon which Mr. Douglas builds his hopes of the Presidency. Can this "two-faced" Democracy succeed with the People?

We find the following card in a Washington paper, and ask for it a careful perusal by every honest Democrat. It shows clearly how the leaders of the Democratic party feel in this State. Read, read:

WASHINGTON, June 25, 1860.

To the Democracy of Minnesota:
Follow-citizens: The undersigned, temporarily absent from home, take this method of declaring to you their entire and cordial assent in the platform of principles adopted by the Convention which nominated John C. Breckenridge for President, and Joseph Lane for Vice President, and their determination to use every honorable effort to secure their election in the coming contest. In this determination and these efforts we invite the cordial co-operation of every Unionist in the State.

Dreadful Casualty—Six Persons Drowned in Lake Calhoun.

The St. Paul papers of July 7th, bring us the mournful intelligence that Rev. Mr. Nichols, wife and son, together with Mr. A. Cleveland, brother-in-law of Mr. Nichols, and two children, were drowned in Lake Calhoun, a short distance back of Minneapolis, on Thursday last, the 5th inst. The circumstances of the fearful catastrophe we take from a letter written to the St. Paul Pioneer & Democrat, which are as follows:

"The above mentioned families were visiting the lake on a picnic excursion. The party consisted of ten persons. It was proposed to bathe, and while Mr. Nichols and Mr. Cleveland were putting on bathing dresses, Mr. Nichols' son and Mr. Cleveland's daughters entered the water. Owing to an abrupt descent, some twenty feet from the margin of the water, one of the little girls was soon beyond her depth. This being observed by the brave boy, he ventured in to relieve her, failing in which he desired the other little girl to reach out her hand, which she did.

This joined hand in hand they struggled, but failing to get up the shelving bank and becoming alarmed, they called for help, when Messrs. Cleveland and Nichols rushed in hand in hand. Not being within reach they requested Mrs. Nichols to enter the water, which she did, taking her husband by the hand. Mr. Cleveland still retaining a hold on Mr. Nichols' hand, entered the deep water and succeeded in reaching the struggling children. But, standing on the shelving bank, he lost his balance, and in falling dragged Mr. Nichols and his wife into deep water. They sank retaining fast hold on each other. Thus those that could swim, were prevented from doing so, and soon sunk to rise no more. Mrs. Nichols was buoyed up by her light skirts and repeatedly called on her sister Mrs. Cleveland, to come to her aid.

This noble woman done all a delicate, sickly invalid could, but her efforts were of no avail. Mrs. Nichols, too, perished. What a harrowing sight to gaze upon a husband, a sister and children perishing, and yet powerless to effect aught! Two noble fellows, named Hamilton, heard the screams of those on shore, ran to the place, plunged in, but alas, it was too late. One of these noble brothers, becoming exhausted, would have met the fate of those he sought to rescue, had not his brother dragged him forcibly from the water.

Hours intervened before the bodies of the drowned were recovered. By this time hundreds of persons had collected on the bank. The bodies were placed in wagons and brought to town.

Rev. Mr. Nichols was a native of Massachusetts. After entering the ministry he removed to Stillwater, in this State, where he remained for several years. From thence he came to Minneapolis and took charge of the Plymouth Congregational Church. He was a devoted, energetic pastor, much beloved by his people and highly respected by our community. Mr. Cleveland his brother-in-law, was on a visit here. His home is near Lake Minnetonka.

This sad event has cast a deep gloom over our town; and well it may. A lesson fraught with instruction to the living, and premonition to a time that none dare disregard. Each season or later, will claim all living as his portion; therefore be ready. How mysterious are the ways of God, and past finding out! Some are taken and others left. The living of today, may be the dead of to-morrow. It is so to day. Who can tell whether it will not be so again? and, reader, you may be the next victim.ponder well the import of the warning.

During the afternoon of Thursday, the bodies of Mr. Nichols, wife and son, in all-inappropriate coffins—were exposed in the parlors of the late residence of Mr. Nichols, side by side, and throngs of visitors gathered to view the sorrowful scene.

The funeral services were delayed for the arrival of friends from Excelsior, and would, probably, be postponed until this morning. Visitors from St. Paul, and all the adjoining country, were in attendance, awaiting the funeral services.

The resident has vetoed the Homestead bill for ten different reasons, neither of which touches the subject in any way, as Senator Hamlin, in his reply, clearly shows. Had he plumed himself upon his old opposition and hatred to free labor, he would have hit the nail on the head, and told the truth for once in his life. What sympathy Mr. Buchanan has with the hard-fisted tiller of the land, may be easily divined, if we remember his ancient fling of "ten cents a day is enough for the laborer." The friends of the Homestead policy will find no better friend in either Douglas or Breckenridge.

HEAVY BETTING.—Senator Bayard, of Delaware, offered at Richmond, to bet five thousand dollars that Douglas would not get the nomination at Baltimore; he did get it, he would not obtain the electoral vote of any State in the Union, and ten thousand dollars that he would not be President on the 4th of March, 1861.

At Baltimore, recently, Mr. Hunter, of Louisiana, offered to bet one million of dollars that Mr. Douglas would not obtain a single Southern electoral vote.

THE FOUR PARTIES.—The position of the various parties may be thus stated: The National Democrats are for Slavery. The Douglas Squatterites are against Freedom. The Bell Everett Union Savers are for and against—Nothing. The Republicans are for Freedom and the Rights of Man. Choose ye which you will support.

Items of News.

The Baltimore ticket has been endorsed by the Seceders' Convention at Richmond and will, it is already manifest, distance the Douglas nominees in all of the Southern States.

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN has signed the Overland Telegraph bill. It is, therefore, a law, and proposals will soon be out for building the line.

WITHIN the past six weeks over a thousand Mormons have passed through Chicago.

THERE is to be another fight for the old belt in England. Heenan has made a match for it with the Staleybridge Chicken, a fellow said to be two inches taller than the Benicia Boy.

BORN wings of the Democratic party are delighted with their respective nominees and are alike confident of success, the one over the other.

CARL SCHURZ very happily condenses the platform of the Republican party as follows:—To Max—his birthright; To Labor—freedom; To him who that wants labor—work and independence; To man that works—his dues.

The Sunday law for New York city has been sustained by the courts and the proprietors of two German Sunday theaters fined \$250 each for violating it, with the alternative of imprisonment.

A LADY went to the circus the other day and was much embarrassed lest her class leader should hear of her being there. The leader was very much embarrassed in finding her there.—St. Paul Times.

MAHER, who murdered Maguire two years ago in Winona, has been sentenced by Judge Wilson to be hung, on Friday the 24th August.

How is Douglas to be elected? The South won't support him. The "Hards" will discard him; the Administration will thrust him out as heretical and irregular; and last of all, the People will give him the "cold shoulder." Lincoln will win in his own State, on the popular vote, last year; and he will beat him, everywhere, in the Electoral vote now. He is a "gone sucker"—Albany Evening Journal.

THERE is nothing about the Chicago nominee that worries the Democrats so much as the sobriquet of "Honest." That an honest man should be arrayed against them, is peculiarly distressing.

It is something out of their line—something they are not in the habit of encountering, and so, in the novelty of the case, they ridicule it.

MUSCATINE, July 3, 1860.

To the Editor of the Reporter:

Having travelled within the last two weeks some two thousand miles through agricultural districts, after a studious observance, scanning so large a tract of country with an interesting desire, and gleanings from the dailies and weeklies much knowledge in regard to the fact, I am prepared to say to you and your readers, that at no time during the last fifteen years—during which time I have traveled much—have I seen such uniform and luxuriant crops. The Mississippi farmer of 1860, is sure to reap an abundant harvest if not a rich one. Southern Illinois, Missouri and Kansas, have suffered severely from drought; wheat and oats however, are the only crops that are materially injured. Corn bids fair to yield abundantly throughout the entire West.

The crisis of '57 that crushed the West with a power of unrelenting discrimination, left its march as visible as a tornado, but life like, our whole West is gradually recovering from the shock. One more good crop throughout the West, blended with the practical economy of the present day, and our whole people will be reinstated into a vigorous and healthy state; confidence is being regained, and the brightness of the morning is again dawning upon the people.

Will the hard bought lessons of the past be remembered? It is to be hoped they may. Yes, many will learn wisdom from their own folly. What changes have taken place. But greater changes await the future. The ups and downs of life will be re-enacted. A few more changes, a few more smiles, a few more tears, some pleasures, much pain, a little longer harrowing and worrying through the world, some hasty greeting, and abrupt farewells, and our plays will be "played out," and the injured and injured, will be laid away and ere long be forgotten. Is it worth while to hate each other? Ought not we by these reverses of seasons and times to improve on the past, and grow wiser as we grow older, leaving an unmistakable mark behind that the world is better by our being in it?

Yours truly,

CHICAGO.

REMARKABLE FACTS.—It is quite remarkable that there is a town in Middlesex county, Mass., another in Grafton county, N. H. another in Penobscot county, Me., and still another in Addison county Vt., where every legal voter is a Lincoln man.

The Lumber Trade.

While the lumber trade of the St. Croix Valley will not be as heavy the present as during some previous years, yet it will be a source of immense revenue to the Valley, and especially to this city, the present season; and as wages have been low, and supplies cheap, operators ought to be able to realize handsome returns for their enterprising labors.

Mr. Surveyor Winship informs us that up to this time he has scaled over fifteen million feet. This is independent of the logs scaled and placed in the booms of the mills for home manufacture. The former amount is what has already been rafted and started for market. Mr. W. thinks he will scale forty millions of feet during the season. This is below the productions of former seasons; but at eight dollars per thousand, which would probably be the average price commanded in the Southern markets, here is a revenue directly tributary to this city and valley during the present season of \$320,000. The greater portion of this amount will immediately pass into the hands of other parties when realized, it will pass from hand to hand in liquidation of old indebtedness. Even one-fourth of this sum put in circulation would make everything jingle, and give a high pressure tone to every class of business, besides making every countenance radiant with joyous hope.

Add to this the enormous crops that will soon be harvested in the North-west, and we think the long-promised "good time coming" will be upon us.—Stillwater Messenger.

The Happy Family.

We have spoken several times of the happy family, but the following from the Stillwater Democrat, throws Young, of the Henderson Democrat, completely in the shade. The editor has reference to Gorman, Phelps, Rosser and Cavanaugh, when he says:

"Their political character is like that of the Obedulstine family, an admirable compound of the fool, the knave, the puppy and the blackguard. Identical in its component parts, the individuality of each depends not on any essential difference of mind, but merely on the proportion in which the ingredients are mixed up. W. W. Phelps has the fool predominating to a considerable extent; in law studies of his ex-cyclopaedia Gorman have caused his element of knavery to overtop the rest; the F. F. V's have made puppyism to reign supreme in the blood of Rosser, and low blackguardism holds such a superior sway over the actions of "our Jim," that the other items of his composition are entirely overshadowed and he stands confessed a perfect blackguard."

Lincoln Among the Children.

The following incident is related by a teacher from the Five Points' House of Industry, New York:

"Our Sunday school in the Five Points was assembled one Sabbath morning, a few months since, when I noticed a tall and remarkable looking man enter the room and take a seat among us. He listened with fixed attention to our exercises, and his countenance manifested such genuine interest, that I approached him and suggested that he might be willing to say something to the children. He accepted the invitation with evident pleasure, and coming forward began a simple address, which at once fascinated every little hearer, and hushed the room into silence. His language was strikingly beautiful, and his tones musical with intense feeling. The little ones around him dropped in ad conviction as he uttered sentences of warning, and would brighten into sunshine as he spoke cheerful words of promise. Once or twice he attempted to close his remarks, but the imperative shout of "Go on! Go on!" would compel him to re-nounce. At I looked upon the gaunt and sinewy frame of the stranger, and marked his powerful head and determined features, touched into softness by the impressions of the moment, I felt an irresistible curiosity to learn something more about him, and when he was quietly leaving the room, I begged to know his name. He continuously replied, "It is Abraham Lincoln, from Illinois."

The Vote on the Homestead Bill After the Veto!

It appears that a vote was taken in the U. S. Senate to see whether the Homestead Bill should be passed over the President's head, in spite of his veto. To do this requires a vote of two-thirds in each House; which number however, it failed to receive in the Senate by just two votes! Too bad, isn't it?

All the Republican Senators present, three Southern and five Northern Democrats, voted against the veto, and for the Bill!

Eighteen Southern Democratic Senators sustained the veto and voted against the Free Homestead!

The Republican House had a plump two-thirds ready to have passed it the moment it reached that body. What makes the result in the Senate the more strange is that in that body there were but two negative votes when the bill passed first.

Will the WORKING MEN of the country bear in mind these facts, when they come to pass judgment upon the Sham Democracy next fall?—Minnesota.

BRIHAM YOUNG WANTS TO SELL OUT.—The St. Louis Democrat learns that Capt. Simpson passed through the city on Saturday en route to Washington, with despatches from Utah, containing propositions from Brigham Young, to sell the Mormon property at Salt Lake, to the United States, the Saints to evacuate the Territory and remove to some point on the Pacific coast, either in the British Possessions or the United States.

Arrival of the Great Eastern—Particulars of the Trip.

SANDY Hook, June 28, 10:30 A.M. The steamship Great Eastern, came into the Light Ship at 7:30 o'clock this morning. She left the needles at 10 A.M. on the 17th; with the exception of two days she has experienced fine weather. She has 38 passengers, among whom are Geo. Wilkes, Esq., of Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, and several of the Directors of the Company. She steamed the entire passage, ranging from 254 to 333 miles per 24 hours. Her engines were not stopped until she was off George's shoal for some days.

The following number of miles were made per day: 17th, 285; 18th, 296; 19th, 208; 20th, 276; 21st, 204; 22d, 228; 23d, 228; 24th, 249; 25th, 325; 26th, 233; 27th, 254. From one of the passengers we obtain the following information:

There are 38 passengers and 8 guests, all in the best of health, and have been so during the entire voyage, which has been a particularly fine one, and full of interest.

It has also demonstrated the Great Eastern's superiority as a sea-going vessel, and the excellence and reliability of her machinery. The highest speed attained was 14 knots.

The ships bottom is very foul, and an allowance of at least two knots an hour should be made on that account.

The distance from Southampton as usually steamed, is 3,190 miles, but to avoid the ice she went farther south.

The Atlantic would sail on the 20th, and among her passengers engaged was John C. Heenan, the American pugilist.

The Great Eastern at New York.

This monster vessel, whose arrival from Europe was reported in our telegraph columns last evening, made her way up in the afternoon. A despatch received last evening says:

"She passed the Battery at 4:30 P.M. No difficulty was experienced in crossing over the bar, and the immense ship wended her way through the bay as easily as a pilot boat. She was attended by a fleet of small craft, and the enthusiasm of the crowds on board was unbounded. Throngs at the Battery and on the various piers on the North River were immense. Many salutes were fired in her honor. She was moved very rapidly through the bay, only one of the many steamers being able to keep up with her. The Steamer Niagara lying in the stream, looked very small in comparison.

The Great Eastern was moored at her dock at about 7 o'clock. Her immense length covered two entire blocks. Great crowds are still flocking to see her at sunset, and there seems to be no end to the curiosity and admiration with which she is viewed."—N. Y. Herald.

Oregon Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15. [By the Overland Mail.]—Returns from the Oregon election come in slowly. Official and reported returns have been received from Jackson, Josephine, Douglas, Umpqua, Lane, Benton, Linn, Marion, Washington and Hamill counties. In all these 2,036 votes for the Democratic candidate for Congress, and 2,033 votes for the Republican. The counties yet to be heard from gave last year 752 Democratic votes, and 600 Republican.

Material changes have taken place this year in counties heard from, some showing Republican gains on last year, and others Republican losses, consequently both parties are hopeful of securing the number of Congress this year. It accounts all agree that such a Legislature, Republican and anti-Leonington Democrats, have been elected, as will secure the defeat of Lane and Delazon Smith for re-election to the United States Senate.

A TRUTHFUL PICTURE.—Mr. Forney who writes the "Occasional" letters from Washington to the Philadelphia Press, says: "The course of the Administration leaders in Congress in regard to the investigation before the special committees in consistent with the spirit which has animated them from the first. The Senate has degenerated into a mere disunion machine. No measure desired by the Northern people will ever pass the body, and Northern Democrats, who are not the slaves of these men can hope for fair dealing at their hands. They will elevate every man who yields to their exactions to the highest place, no matter what his record has been."

Great Lincoln Reaffirmation meeting.

BUFFALO, July 7—3 P.M.

The Republican reaffirmation meeting last night was the largest and the most enthusiastic political gathering of the campaign. The Wide Awakes in uniform, bearing torches, made their first appearance in procession.

Hon. Owen Lovejoy, of Ill., was made the orator of the evening.

THE DEMOCRATIC DILEMMA.—The attitude of the Democratic party, with its two Presidential Tickets, forcibly reminds us of the chap who was captivated by two pairs of sparkling eyes, but was unable to choose between them. Thus we may imagine the fore-lorn Locofocos, when surveying the two tickets headed by National Breckenridge and Sectional Douglas, singing with much feeling the following couplet:

"How happy I could be with either, Were I other dear charmer away!"

The Parent and Politician.

We regret to hear that Mr. Lincoln's youngest child, a remarkably bright boy of six years of age, is lying ill at the point of death, with scarlet fever. The parent is superior to the politician; Mr. Lincoln has not been outside of his house, nor in it except at the bedside of his child, since Friday last.—Press & Tribune.

BIG WHEAT AND BARLEY IN WABASH CO.—Start & Gaylord have two blocks of the tallest and heaviest wheat and Barley to be found in Lake City. Some of the stalks of barley hanging in our office are 5 feet 2 inches long, and the wheat stalks 4 feet 8 inches. The wheat is the Tupper or Egyptian variety, and sold last fall for \$10 per bushel for seed. It is a sure cure for sore eyes to look at the above fields.—Lake City Tribune.

CROPS IN McLEOD COUNTY.—The crops in this vicinity never looked so promising as at present. Wheat, oats and rye are remarkably thrifty and forward; corn is more backward, but everything is growing finely.—Glencoe Register.

New Advertisements.

SHOE

—ND—

LEATHER

EXCHANGE,

NORTHEAST CORNER OF MAIN AND HENRY STREETS,

Stillwater, Minnesota.

The Subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully announces to the citizens of the St. Croix Valley that he is prepared to make to order.

Everything

in the Boot & Shoe Line,

Equal in style to any of the Eastern cities.

Special Care taken with Repairing

Also keeps on hand an assortment of

LEATHER,

Which he will sell as low as any House in the State.

Cash Paid for Hides!

211y Z. E. BINNS.

Michael Gontor,

DEALER IN

</

Thursday, July 19, 1860.

Republican County Convention.

Republican Nominations

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

The Douglas Organs on the Germans.

counted for from the fact that the Germans will go en masse for Lincoln and Hamlin. Already have they marshaled their forces for the contest upon the side of Freedom and Truth, and with the Republican party will aid in destroying what there is left to kill of the Democratic organization. We know what we do say, when we assert that a very large

Sectionalism.

THE New York Tribune of the 7th, says that Lola Montez is recovering from her recent dangerous illness.

Items of News.	to
----------------	----

State Items.
BURBANK'S TEAMS.—We observed this

Rochester, Mr. Crase, has in town a half with two heads, two mouths, and

The above shows that the Democrats to
speak of the protection of the citi- the
ns, not a word is said of the naturali- ter

The papers announce another removal
a high Democratic functionary, viz : re-
President himself to his country ro-
Fi

larm the neighbors. On arrival of
ownspeople both mother and daugh-
were found to be fatally stabbed in

HE Hon. Francis P. Blair, jr., was
nominated by the Republicans of the
Congressional District of Missouri
the 9th inst.

While

It is now believed that the
 Powers will now interfere in
 of the Christians of Syria, and re-

divine Providence will continue to protect our beloved country from all dangers both foreign and domestic.

The following case of Benjamin Hughes, is
the most astonishing on record. After
years' sickness, two years excruciating
pain! the amputation of one leg and the

JOHN D. PARK, Proprietor, Cincinnati, Ohio.
in Taylor Falls by GEO. W. SEYMOUR, and by

Republican Platform Adopted at Chicago.

Resolved, That we, the delegates representatives of the Republican electors of the United States, in Convention assembled, in the discharge of the duty we owe to our constituents and our country, unite in the following declarations:

1. That the history of the nation during the last four years, fully establishes the propriety and necessity of the organization and perpetuation of the Republican party; and that the causes which called it into existence are permanent in their nature, and now, more than ever before, demand its peaceful and constitutional triumph.

2. That the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence and embodied in the Federal Constitution, "That all men are created equal; that they are endowed with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed"—is essential to the preservation of our Republican institutions, and that the Federal Constitution, the Rights of the States, and the Union of the States, must and shall be preserved.

3. That to the Union of the States this nation owes its unprecedented increase in population, its surprising development of material resources, its rapid augmentation of wealth, its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hold in abhorrence all schemes of disunion, come from whatever source they may; and we congratulate the country, that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced the threats of disunion so often made by Democratic members, without rebuke and with applause from their political associates; and we denounce those threats of disunion, in case of a popular overthrow of their ascendancy, as denying the vital principles of a free government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which it is the imperative duty of an indignant people sternly to rebuke and forever silence.

4. That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of powers on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends; and we denounce the lawless invasion by armed force of the soil of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.

5. That the present Democratic Administration has far exceeded our worst apprehensions, in its measureless subservience to the exactions of a sectional interest, as especially evinced in its desperate exertions to force the infamous Reconstruction Constitution upon the protesting people of Kansas; in constraining the personal relation between the master and servant to involve an unequal property in persons; in its attempted enforcement, everywhere, on land and sea, through the intervention of Congress and of the Federal Courts, of the extreme pretensions of a purely local interest; and in its general and unvarying abuse of the power intrusted to it by a confiding people.

6. That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans; while the reckless and unscrupulous use of the power of the Federal Government, in its general and unvarying abuse of the power intrusted to it by a confiding people.

7. That the new dogma that the Constitution, of its own force, carries slavery into any or all of the Territories of the United States, is a dangerous political heresy; at variance with the explicit provisions of that instrument itself, with contemporaneous exposition, and with legislative precedent; it is revolutionary in its tendency and subversive of the peace and harmony of the country.

8. That the normal condition of all the territory of the United States is that of freedom; that as our Republican fathers, when they had abolished slavery in all our national territory, ordained that "no person should be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law," it becomes our duty, by legislation, whenever such legislation is necessary, to maintain this provision of the Constitution against all attempts to violate it; and we deny the authority of Congress, of territorial legislatures, or of any individuals, to give legal existence to slavery in any territory of the United States.

9. That we brand the recent re-opening of the African slave-trade, under the cover of our National flag, aided by perverted judicial power, as a crime against humanity and a burning shame to our country and age; and we call upon Congress to take prompt and efficient measures for the total and final suppression of that execrable traffic.

10. That in the recent votes, by their Federal Governors, of the acts of the Legislatures of Kansas and Nebraska, prohibiting slavery in those territories, we find a practical illustration of the boasted Democratic principles of non-intervention and popular sovereignty, embodied in the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and a demonstration of the deception and fraud involved therein.

11. That Kansas should, of right, be immediately admitted as a State under the Constitution recently formed and adopted by her people, and accepted by the House of Representatives.

12. That while providing revenue for the support of the General Government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imports as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend that policy of national exchange which secures to

the working men liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, to mechanics and manufacturers adequate reward for their skill and labor and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

13. That we protest against any sale or alienation to those of the public lands held by actual settlers, and against any view of the free homestead policy which regards the settlers as paupers or suppliants for public bounty, and we demand the passage by Congress of the complete and satisfactory homestead measure which has already passed the House.

14. That the National Republican party is opposed to any change in our naturalization laws, or any State legislation by which the rights of citizenship hitherto accorded to immigrants from foreign lands shall be abridged and impaired; and in favor of giving a full and efficient protection to the rights of all classes of citizens, whether native or naturalized, both at home or abroad.

15. That appropriations by Congress for River and Harbor improvements of a national character, required for the accommodation and security of an existing commerce, are authorized by the Constitution, and justified by the obligation of Government to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

16. That a Railroad to the Pacific ocean is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country; that the Federal Government ought to render immediate and efficient aid in its construction; and that, as preliminary thereto, a daily Overland Mail should be promptly established.

17. Finally, having thus set forth our distinctive principles and views, we invite the co-operation of all citizens, however differing on other questions, who substantially agree with us in their affirmance and support.

Folsom & Dresser,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

DRY GOODS,

AND

Ready Made Clothing,

Groceries & Provisions,

HARDWARE, &c.,

TAYLOR FALLS,

CHISAGO COUNTY, MIN.

A Full Assortment of

PLANES, CHISELS,

FILES, SAWS,

AUGERS, HOES,

SHOVELS, HAY FORKS,

BUTTS & SCREWS, RIFLES,

DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS,

POWDER FLASKS, PERCUSSION CAPS,

&c., &c.

SADDLERY.

Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Collars

Hames, Double Reins, Whips,

&c., &c., &c.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Of every style.

LADIES' GAITERS, HALF GAITERS,

SLIPPERS, MISSES' GAITERS,

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BOOTS & SHOES.

Queensware.

A general assortment of every style and description.

FURNITURE.

BEDSTEADS, TABLES, ROCKERS, STANDS, CHAIRS, &c., &c.

TIN WARE.

A large and full assortment of every description.

PAINTS & OILS,

PIGMENTS, CULTIVATORS, GRINDSTONES, Stove Pipe, &c., &c.

At such prices as cannot fail to suit customers, for

Cash or Ready Pay.

Positively no Goods Sold on Credit.

Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1

Bateaux and Skiffs.

ALWAYS on hand and for sale cheap, at my shop near the Chicago Mill, the best of boats, at reduced rates.

PETER ABRAHAM.

Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1

Ohisago Seminary,

LOCATED AT

Taylor Falls, Minnesota.

Under the Supervision of

Mr. & Mrs. A. A. York.

TAYLOR FALLS is beautifully situated on the west bank of the St. Croix river nearly opposite St. Croix City, and for luxurious grandeur and romantic scenery, stands unsurpassed in the North-west. Below the Falls, the trap rock makes a bold rise of nearly two hundred feet, terminating in rocky bluffs, which gradually ascend for several rods back from the river. Upon this eminence stands the Institution, commanding a full view of the river, with its charming and picturesque scenery for a distance of several miles; while on either side the prospect is equally delightful, making it a desirable spot for those wishing to obtain a thorough education preparatory to a College course, as every exertion will be made to render the Teachers to render it both pleasant and profitable to the student. Competent teachers will be engaged as the school requires. Board can be obtained near the Institution on reasonable terms.

TERMS OF TUITION:

Common English Branches, \$4 per term 12 weeks. Higher Branches, \$6 per term 12 weeks. Extra charges for ornamental branches and music. Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1

Folsom House,

TAYLOR FALLS, - - MINNESOTA

W. W. FOLSOM, Proprietor.

(Corner Government and Basal Streets.)

THE proprietor would take this method of informing the traveling public that his commodious house has recently been fitted up in the best style, and is ready to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His rooms are clean, and the tables are furnished with everything the market affords, so that none who come need go away cold or hungry. In fact, no pains will be spared in making the stay of his guests pleasant. Boarders taken by the day or week, on reasonable terms.

A good stable is also attached to the house. Taylor Falls, Feb. 23, 1860. n1-1

John H. Smith,

BLACKSMITH,

Government Street.

Practical horse shoeing and blacksmithing in general promptly attended to. A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited, and the public are assured that satisfaction will be given; terms reasonable. 2-y

LIME FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale to the citizens of Taylor Falls and vicinity, the best quality of Lime. Those who desire can be accommodated at the St. Croix Lime Kiln, by furnishing barrels, at 80 cents per barrel. I will also deliver it, in good shape, at \$1.35 per barrel. SAM'L WALL. Oseola, Wis., May 10, 1860. 12-6m

Lands and Town Lots

FOR SALE.

TOWN lots in Taylor Falls and lands in the vicinity constantly on hand for sale. Also, lands in the vicinity of Sunrise City and in Pine county, for sale cheap. Inquire of N. C. D. TAYLOR, No. 75, First-st., Taylor Falls, Min. n2-1

W. S. Peck,

HOUSE, SIGN, DECORATIVE,

—AND—

Ornamental Painter.

IMITATOR OF

WOOD AND MARBLE,

&c., &c., &c.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to pay the same, as arrangements to satisfy the same. Those whose notes and accounts are nearly outlived, unless soon settled, in justice to myself, I shall be compelled to add costs to, by obtaining judgments.

A word to the wise is sufficient.

W. H. C. FOLSOM.

Taylor Falls, Feb. 23, n1-1

CITY BREWERY,

TAYLOR FALLS, - - - MINNESOTA.

The proprietors take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have a first class Brewery in full operation, where can always be found good Lager, Small Beer, and Ale. All orders promptly attended to. Brewery in the rear of the Chicago House. SCHOTT-MULLER & BROTHER, n3-1

Blacksmithing,

A. C. SEVEY,

TAYLOR FALLS, MINNESOTA.

WOULD inform the citizens of Taylor Falls and vicinity, that he can be found at all times at a mill shop on Bench street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash. Horse shoeing done upon the shortest notice, and a man wanted to give satisfaction. n1-1

Anton Baier,

Boot & Shoe Maker,

Bench Street,

TAYLOR FALLS, MINNESOTA.

ALL kinds of custom boot and shoe making, executed promptly, in a style and of materials warranted to give satisfaction. I am bound to keep my seat, and stick like wax to the last; so give me a call, and you'll get satisfaction for your money. n1-1

Taylor Falls, Feb. 23.

W. H. C. FOLSOM.

SAW MILL

—AND—

WATER POWER,

FOR SALE.

THE St. Croix Manufacturing and Improvement Company offer their Saw Mill and Water Power for sale. It is situated at the

FALLS OF ST. CROIX,

POLK COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

The head of navigation, and is nearer to the great fisheries of the St. Croix river and its tributaries, than any other mill property. The Mill is in

Good Running Order,

CONTAINING

One Muley. Four Sash

—AND—

One Circular Saw.

—ALSO—

Lathe and Shingle Machines,

Capable of turning out from twenty-five to thirty thousand feet of lumber per day. Piers and Booms are all in good order.

ALSO,

Water power will be leased or sold at reasonable prices, to run mills for the manufacture of

BUCKETS, TUBS, CHURNS,

SPOKES & WAGONS.

In short, all articles fabricated from wood. The materials for such manufactures abound in and around the Falls.

ALSO,

A GRIST MILL

Complete, with two run of stone, capable of being increased to four—in fine order and turned by the water from springs which have never failed.

ALSO,

A great number of

TOWN LOTS,

With or without houses,

FOR SALE CHEAP.

All persons desiring to locate in the Northwest, would do well to give this place an examination before concluding finally to settle. Its position, at the head of navigation, the nearest point on the navigable waters of the Mississippi to Lake Superior, and its immense manufacturing facilities, destined to be, at no distant day, a most important point, as to wealth and population.

Any further information will be given by addressing

R. C. MURPHY,

St. Croix Fall, Wis., Feb. 23. n1-1

Smith & Whittings,

MERCHANTS

AND

General Traders.

ALSO DEALERS IN

LOGS AND LUMBER.

Constantly on hand

SEASONED DRESSED SIDING

—AND—

FLOORING.

NO. 7, FIRST STREET.

n1-1y

Atlantic Monthly.

Commencement of a New Volume.

With the number for January, 1860, the Atlantic Monthly will enter upon its FIFTH VOLUME.

In making this announcement we think it proper to say, simply, that no change will be made in the general plan of the magazine; that all the writers whose contributions have established its popular favor, will continue to make it their medium of communication with the public; and that the relations of the publishers with authors, on both sides the Atlantic, will enable them to add materially to the variety, interest and value of its pages.

They have the greatest pleasure in announcing that the number for January contains the first chapters of a

NEW ROMANCE,

ENTITLED

THE PROFESSOR'S STORY.

Written expressly for its pages, by

Oliver Wendell Holmes,

To be continued in succeeding numbers of the magazine throughout the year.

Terms.—Single numbers, 25 cents. Three Dollars per year, postage paid to any part of the United States.

CLUBS.—Two copies \$5; five copies, \$10; eleven copies, \$20.—the subscribers paying their own postage, viz: 36 cents per year.

Clergymen, teachers and postmasters will receive the magazine at two dollars per year, as heretofore.

Subscriptions may commence with any number; and as all the numbers are stereotyped, back numbers can always be furnished. All orders should be addressed to

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers, 155 Washington-st., Boston.

W. H. C. Folsom,

DEALER IN

Real Estate,

TAYLOR FALLS, MIN.

A CHOICE selection of farming lands always on hand which will be sold on the most reasonable terms to those wishing to make permanent homes.

Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1y

J. SPENCE WHITE. H. A. JAY.

White & Jay,

Attorneys at Law,

Prescott, Wisconsin.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the State of Wisconsin, and attend by arrangements with reliable firms, to claims in any part of the United States. Office in "Broom's Building, (up stairs) Broad street.

Warranted. Terms, reasonable. n1-1y

PRESCOTT ADV'S.

—IN—

J. M. McKee,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

—IN—

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Concert Hall Building,

RESCOTT, - - - WIS.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of Blank and School Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Toys and Yankee Notions. Harrison's best

Toilet and Washing Soaps,

Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts,

Whips, Canes, Willow Ware, Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Pens of every variety, Harrison's, Conger & Fields, Davids, and Arnold's

WRITING FLUIDS AND INKS,

Diaries and Journals for 1860, Juvenile Books, Bird Cages, Door Mats, Cigars, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention.

The Book and Variety Store is the oldest establishment of the kind in the St. Croix Valley, and having had a long experience at the business, I am confident that I can sell goods cheaper than can be purchased at any house in the country. My motto, "Quick sales and small profits," will be strictly adhered to; and all in want of anything in my line, will please give me a call and satisfy themselves, both in respect to quality and price.

N. S. Dunbar,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

—IN—

Groceries & Provisions,

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN,

Pork, Fish, Salt, Butter, Lard, Oils,

CHEESE, SYRUPS,

—ALSO—

Wooden and Willow Ware, Rope,

NILS, ETC., ETC.

—ALSO—

A Fine Lot of Segars & Liquors.

Country Produce always on hand.

NO. 7, LEVEE.

PRESCOTT, - - - WIS.

n1-1y

G. H. Nichols,

Commission Merchant,

—AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN—

Groceries & Provisions,

WINE, LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A GOOD supply of boats constantly on hand.

Also, a large supply of pork, hams, shoulders and lard kept on hand, and for sale at wholesale and retail, at the lowest rates for cash.

Brick Building, on the Levee, Prescott, Wisconsin. n1-1y

Barnes & Hutchins,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

—AND—

GENERAL RAILROAD

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

NO. 2, LEVEE.

Prescott, - - - WIS.

n1-1y

A. O. Snyder,

DEALER IN

Hard ware, Stoves, Iron,

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES, &c., &c.

In fact, everything a man wants or can think of in the mercantile business. At the sign of the Big Stove, Broad street, Prescott, Wisconsin. n1-1y

Dill & Brother,

TAYLOR FALLS REPORTER

F. H. PRATT, Editor

OFFICIAL PAPER OF TOWN AND COUNTY

Thursday, July 26, 1860.

To Correspondents.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. All articles intended for publication must be accompanied with the name of the writer; and all articles on matters of public interest, if written in a proper spirit, shall receive due attention.

M. C. Tuttle is our authorized agent at St. Paul. His receipt will be acknowledged by us, until further notice.

Mr. J. M. McKee is our authorized agent in Prescott Wis. He will receive subscriptions and advertisements for the Reporter.

Receives & Leases are our authorized agents in Chicago—145 Randolph street.

S. D. Williams is our authorized agent at Osceola, Wis.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention will assemble at Saint Paul, on Wednesday, August 15, 1860, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices:

TWO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS,
ONE STATE AUDITOR,
ONE CLERK SUPREME COURT,
FOUR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

The different counties will be entitled to be represented in the Convention by delegates, who are to be elected by the vote of the electors from which they are accredited, as follows:

Anoka.....	2	Mocker.....	1
Beeton.....	1	Mower.....	2
Blue Earth.....	2	Nisswa.....	2
Brown.....	2	Olustein.....	2
Carver.....	2	Ramsey.....	11
Chicago.....	2	Rice.....	4
Dakota.....	2	Scott.....	5
Dodge.....	2	Sherburne.....	1
Faribault.....	1	Sibley.....	3
Freeborn.....	2	Stearns.....	4
Fillmore.....	2	Steele.....	2
Goodhue.....	2	Wabasha.....	5
Hennepin.....	11	Waseca.....	2
Houston.....	5	Washington.....	6
Le Sueur.....	2	Winona.....	2
Morrison.....	1	Wright.....	3
McLeod.....	1		

Counties not enumerated will be entitled to one delegate each.

The State Central Committee would recommend, in or for to prevent the confusion resulting from changes made in the midst of the campaign, that the County Conventions which assemble under this call, select the County Committee for the ensuing year.

By order Republican State Central Committee,
DANIEL ROHRER, Chairman.
St. Paul, June 12, 1860.

Republican County Convention.

There will be a Republican County Convention at Taylor Falls, on Wednesday August 1st, 1860, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent Chicago County in the State Convention, which will assemble in St. Paul on Wednesday August 15th, 1860. The County Committee for the ensuing year will also be chosen. The different towns will be entitled to the following number of delegates, viz:

Rushola 3, Sunrise 3, Amador 1, Taylor Falls 1, Franconia 2, Svede Lake 3, Wyoming 2.

By order Republican County Committee,
L. B. SMITH, Chairman.
Taylor Falls July 16th, 1860.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

Why is it Suppressed?

A resolution was adopted by the Douglas Convention at Baltimore, which we have not seen copied by the Democratic press of Minnesota, and for the benefit of the Douglas men in this section of the State, we give it an insertion in our journal, and call their attention to it. It is as follows:

"Resolved, That it is in accordance with the true interpretation of the Cincinnati Platform, that during the existence of Territorial government, the measure of restriction, whatever it may be, imposed by the Federal Legislature over the subject of domestic relations, as the same has been or shall hereafter be finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States, should be respected by all good citizens, and enforced with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the Federal Government."

Now, we would ask, what does this mean? Can any of our Douglas friends interpret it? Is it "Popular Sovereignty" as expounded by Stephen A. Douglas, or what in the name of common sense is it? It was adopted by the same Convention that nominated Mr. Douglas, and is incorporated into the platform upon which he is running for President. Mr. Douglas himself has declared, time and again, Popular Sovereignty to be "the right of the people of a Territory, like those of a State, to regulate their domestic affairs in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States." For asserting this, he has rebelled against the known wishes of his party, and for the same thing, too, has renounced the Democratic organization asunder. For the past four years almost his entire time has been spent in declaring this "great principle" to the world. During the campaign in his own State, in 1858, he distinctly and unequivocally

took this position; and in that wonderful literary production, his "Harper Essay," it was again re-asserted.

But how, we would ask again, do the friends of Mr. Douglas interpret the above resolution, and how does it contrast with the spirit of his declarations? Can the two be reconciled with any show of consistency. Let us see. Instead of the "domestic relations" of the Territories being subject only to the Constitution of the United States, they are to be determined from the present time, henceforth and forever, by the Supreme Court of the United States. Now Mr. Douglas, as well as every body else, knows just what light the Supreme Court view this matter. He knows that that body recognizes slaves as property, and as such, entitled to protection in the Federal Territories, as is any other species of property. This is also what the Breckinridge party believe, and in our opinion, is the only true ground for a Democratic take.

But the above shows the inconsistency of Douglas, and sweeps his miserable Popular Hunting to the winds. It was doubtless attached to his platform to reconcile the South to his doctrine, but it has failed of accomplishing its desired end. And, in our judgment, it will take all the eloquence of a Gorman, a Sibley or a Cavanagh to explain it, so that the Democrats of our own State can swallow it without choking. So far, not a Douglas paper in the State, as far as we have been able to ascertain, has said a word in relation to the resolution, or have ever published it. For what reason is it suppressed? Are they ashamed to publish it, or are they afraid to? We pause for a reply.

The Democratic Strongholds in Pennsylvania for Breckinridge.

The Philadelphia Argus and the Pennsylvania, the Reading Democrat, the Lancaster Intelligencer, the old Berks county Adler, the Norristown Register, the Carbon Democrat, the York Gazette, all old and influential Democratic papers of Eastern Pennsylvania, are out against Squatter Douglas and Slave Code Johnson, and are working for the straight proslavery, National Democratic Nominees, Breckinridge and Lane. The Democratic strength has always been in the eastern counties. The western and northern portions of Pennsylvania are overwhelmingly Republican. It is believed that east of the Alleghenies, and south of Wilmot's region, the Breckinridge ticket will poll a much larger vote than the Douglas ticket; but in the Republican counties the Squatterites are stronger than the Slave-Codeites. And so it is everywhere.

—But the significant fact of all in this connection is, that the Adler (or Eagle) of Berks county is opposed to Douglas! It is the great Democratic German paper of the State, and has an immense circulation, and a proportionate influence. In the almost exclusively Pennsylvania-German county of Berks, which by its three, four and five thousand majorities, has more than once alone saved the Keystone to the Democracy, this Adler says public opinion so implicitly, that it is known in Pennsylvania as the "Berks county Bible." Its support of Breckinridge is perfectly ruinous to Douglas in all the Democratic strongholds—mostly the German counties of Pennsylvania! So says the *Minnesotan*.

The Southern Press for Breckinridge.

Georgia.—The Savannah News gives the names and politics of the various papers in Georgia, summing up as follows:—For Breckinridge and Lane, 23; for Bell and Everett, 13; for Douglas and Johnson, 2; not declared, 20.

Tennessee.—In Tennessee sixteen Democratic papers have run up the Breckinridge and Lane ticket; two have indicated their preference for Douglas. Eleven others are yet undecided.

Kentucky.—Twelve of the leading Democratic papers have pronounced for Breckinridge and four for Douglas. There are a number yet on the fence, among which are the Bardstown Gazette and Owensboro Democrat.

In North Carolina all the Democratic Journals are for Breckinridge and Lane.

Well Defined.

The New York Tribune defines the various political parties of the country as follows:—"Lincoln and Hamlin" represent a principle—that of National resistance to the diffusion of Slavery. Breckinridge and Lane represent the antagonistic principle—that of National protection to the diffusion of Slavery. Douglas and Johnson represent a dodge—namely: National indifference to the diffusion of Slavery. Bell and Everett represent a sham—National blindness to the diffusion of Slavery. Earnest men are necessarily with one or the other of the two first named.

See call for a Democratic County Convention, in another column.

STEPPED OUT.—A human chattel, owned by a Southern lady, who is stopping at the International Hotel, St. Paul, mysteriously disappeared on the 17th inst., and has not since been heard from. The Democratic papers are making a great ado about it, and have charged the Republicans with having spirited the "nigger" away. The *Miner* says if the resolution introduced by Col. Robertson in the House of Representatives last winter, legalizing slavery in the free State of Minnesota for the period of six months in each year, had only been adopted, this deplorable event would not have occurred. What a pity, isn't it! The Police, however, have been put upon the fugitive's track, and doubtless ere many days shall have elapsed, he will be captured.

Since the above was written we learn from the St. Paul Times of the 21st inst., that the negro was arrested by the Deputy U. S. Marshal, in a house in the upper part of that city, and is now securely confined. The *Pioneer* no doubt feels better.

ADULTERY.—The St. Paul papers inform us that a case of adultery has recently occurred in that city of a somewhat aggravated nature. The parties implicated are a Mrs. Bigelow and a Mr. Rogers, both of whom have always borne a good character, and moved in the highest circles of society. The St. Paul Times says that Mrs. Bigelow "is reported to be of a gay turn of mind, and on Tuesday night last, after supping her husband had left for the Minnesota river, as he told her he should do, she took to her embrace and her bed a young married man by the name of Rogers, and in this condition they were found by Mr. Bigelow, who, instead of going up the Minnesota River, got off the boat at Fort Snelling and footed it to the city, arriving about 10 o'clock at night, just in time to witness a scene better imagined than described. These are the facts in brief. Two suits, we understand have been instituted against Rogers by Mr. Bigelow—a criminal prosecution for adultery; and a civil suit for \$10,000 damages! A suit has also been instituted against Mrs. Bigelow for a divorce.

We learn from a gentleman just from Chongwata, that Pine county, where last year but two Republican votes were cast, will go for Lincoln and Hamlin this fall. The Germans in that vicinity will vote the Republican ticket almost to a man. They now know who are their friends. The Platforms of Chicago and Charleston have posted them upon that all important subject.

VOL. I. No. 1 of the Hudson Times has been received, and is a great improvement upon the old Hudson Chronicle, both in typographical appearance and editorial ability. Horace has the snap to him, and will make what has long been wanted in the thriving city of Hudson, a sound and reliable Republican Journal. May prosperity attend the enterprise.

FRANK BLAIR STABBED.—The St. Louis Bulletin of the 17 informs us that Frank Blair, of Mo., has been stabbed by Dr. McDowell, on the steps of the Planter's Hotel, in consequence of some remarks made by the former in a speech. Mr. Blair is not seriously hurt.

The Republican National Executive Committee have secured rooms at the Astor House, which were opened on Monday, the 23d inst., and will remain open until the close of the Presidential canvass. Communications should be addressed to George G. Fogg, Secretary, or Benjamin Welsh, jr., No. 39 Astor House New York city.

GEN. PILLOW, of Tennessee, who issued a flaming manifesto some weeks ago in favor of Mr. Douglas, announces thro' the Nashville Union and American, that he will support "those statesmen whom he knew so intimately in Mexico, and whose course he has since known so well in their high positions in the councils of the Nation, Breckinridge and Lane.

The editor of the Piqua (Ohio) Enquirer who has been for Douglas and Squatter Sovereignty ever since that "giant" gave birth to his humbug, has renounced his faith, and given in his adhesion to Lincoln and Hamlin. The Enquirer is the only Democratic paper of any ability in the fourth congressional District in Ohio, and this defection in the Douglas ranks carries dismay and consternation wherever it is known.

The Mount Carmel Register, an Illinois newspaper, has come out fairly for Lincoln and Hamlin. The Register has been until a fortnight past, an old Ling Whig organ, with suspicious leanings towards Douglasism. The groans of the Douglasites in that region in view of this accession to the Republican strength in Illinois are said to be doleful to hear.

Items of News.

HICKS, the pirate, who was recently hung on Baldie's Island, New York, previous to his execution, stated that he had a hand in the slave trade, and relates a case where his vessel was chased by a British cruiser when, in order to escape the consequences of a capture with slaves on board, the unhappy creatures were all got up from below, ranged in the waist of the vessel, their feet tied to the ship's chain, with the anchor, was then let go by the run, and the whole carried to the bottom of the ocean. As this horrible expedient is said to have been adopted in former times to escape the consequences of being detected in the slave trade, it is not impossible that Hicks may have actually participated in such wholesale slaughter of human beings.

A dispatch from Madison, dated the 17th, says that "another application was made to the Supreme Court this morning for a writ of habeas corpus, in the case of S. M. Booth. The grounds set forth in the petition are that the United States authorities have no right to confine Booth for an indefinite period, until his fine is paid; and that there is no authority, even admitting that he is guilty of an offense properly punishable by imprisonment, for confining him in the Custom House. A decision will probably be given to-morrow."

THIS N. Y. World is informed by one who cannot be mistaken, that the sum total of the bills rendered for the entertainment of the Japanese by New York city, is one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, of which ninety-one thousand was the hotel charge. The Japanese Ambassadors left \$20,000 for Mr. Belmont to distribute among the police of the cities which they visited, thus: Washington, \$2650; Baltimore, \$300; Philadelphia, \$3200; New York, \$13,750.

As effigy representing Mr. Douglas, was found hanging in Wilson N. C., on the 26th ult. It had a placard on it, on which was the inscription, "Stephen A. Douglas, the traitor to the South, the Union, and the Democratic party." From one of its pockets was a package labelled, "Squatter Sovereignty," and from another one marked "Disunion."

The number of visitors to the Great Eastern from the fourth to the tenth inclusive, was 19,387. We suspect this is more profitable than voyaging. The price of admission is 50 cents for adults and half price for children. The World says excursions are in preparation from all parts of New England, and also from New York State, to visit her.

The N. Y. Tribune says it is credibly informed that Senator Clifton of North Carolina, one of the few friends of Douglas, on the floor of the Senate has finally given in his adherence to Breckinridge. This is a damaging blow if true, because significant of the popular feeling of the South.

MANY of the Douglasites denounce Breckinridge as a disunionist. It seems that these consistent politicians didn't care whether the Union was "voted up or voted down," four years ago, when they supported this same Breckinridge for Vice President.

The late news from Europe is not of a very encouraging character. The crops had failed—many leather dealers had failed—the crowned heads had failed to prevent Garibaldi from giving liberty to the Italians, and there is a failure generally to keep tyranny from being dethroned.

The Cleveland Democrat says: "From the returns already in it is feared that the population of Ohio, instead of advancing has slightly decreased within the last ten years, by emigration or otherwise."

The weather at the South last week, was exceedingly hot. The Charleston Mercury has a long list of persons killed by sun stroke. The thermometer stood at above 100° in the shade.

In some parts of Ireland, particularly in Ennis, there is much distress,—many having lost their means of subsistence from the failure of the hay crop and the prevalence of disease.

DOUGLAS, in his letter of acceptance, eulogises the Compromises of 1850.—Johnson, his associate, speaks of those Compromises as a "base surrender."

All the German Press in Indiana, except one, are for Lincoln—three of them having abandoned the Democracy and embraced Republicanism.

The Chicago Tribune publishes the names of seventeen new Republican papers which have recently been started in Illinois.

JOHN SHERRMAN has been renominated by the Republicans of his district in Ohio, for Congress.

ONLY one paper in Kentucky—the Louisville Democrat—has as yet run up the Douglas flag.

State Items.

SAD AFFAIR.—A party which left this city a couple of months ago for Pike's Peak returned last Saturday. On their return when they had got within a hundred miles of home a melancholy tragedy was enacted which has made some heart-stones sorrowful. The company became discouraged before they reached the Peak, by the stories of suffering, and failures on the part of those that were there, and turned about and retraced their steps. When they had got over to Blue Earth county a difficulty occurred between several of the party by which Patrick Barry lost his life. It seems that a part of the company were taking breakfast, while the others were performing their morning ablutions. Those washing were playing with the water—the play terminated in a quarrel, and the quarrel in the death of Barry.—*Hastings Independent*.

TAIL WHEAT.—Mr. Kirk, of Wells Township left last Saturday, some heads of wheat measuring from 7 to 7½ inches in length and well filled.—Now we have seen in our day some wheat, but we don't think we ever saw any that would beat that. If any of our neighboring farmers can do it we should like to see a specimen of their wheat.—*Faribault Republican*.

FARMERS should by all means be prepared to commence their harvest at the earliest possible moment, don't let your wheat stand till it is fully ripe it will make better and more flour to cut it a little green, besides if you wait till it is fully ripe before commencing, much loss must be sustained by its shelling out before you can possibly complete the harvest. Commence early and have good wheat, good flour, and get through in season.—*ib*.

LUSUS NATURÆ.—Yesterday we inspected carefully, one of the most extraordinary animals we ever witnessed. It is a calf, of the Devon breed, about two months old, of a dark red and fine lively disposition, and in every respect but that of the head resembles another calf. The head is about twice the size of that of a calf of its age, and has two distinct months and muzzles divided a third of the way up. It masticates and feeds with either mouth and makes no distinction in their use. But the greatest curiosity this animal exhibits is an eye, or a compound of two eyes in one orb, right in the centre of the forehead. This gives the animal one of the strangest appearances that can be imagined, and when the animal's gaze is fixed on you, you feel for once in your life at least, you are looked straight in the face.—*Times*.

CHOIRS IN HENNINGEN COUNTY.—Our friend Col. Hewitt, who has just returned from a short trip in the eastern part of Henning county, states that he never saw such splendid crops as he witnessed on every side. Rye and barley being cut in all directions, and wheat ready for the sickle. The last named grain the Col. seemed to think would be over ripe if hands were not put on it at once. We had some fears that the farmers would be short-handed in gathering the harvest, but trust that the very large importation of agricultural machinery into the county will enable our farmers to husband their enormous crops without loss or delay.—*ib*.

THE GRAIN MARKETS.—The prospect of a scant crop in Europe has advanced prices this side the Atlantic. In wheat the rise has been most marked. In Chicago, at last advice, spring wheat was in good demand at \$1.08 to \$1.09 for No. 2; and \$1.10 for No. 1. New York winter was sold at \$1.12 to \$1.13; and a small lot of white at \$1.18. New York sole at 50 cents per bushel, corn 44c.—In Milwaukee, milling lots wheat brought \$1.14 to \$1.16—other lots \$1.12 to \$1.13.—*Pioneer*.

THE Storm of Tuesday night is said to have badly lodged considerable of the grain in this locality. As it was merely a thunder shower, it is not probable that it extended very far over the State.—*Minnesotan*, 19th.

CENTRAL BANK OF NEW ULM, AND PEOPLE'S BANK OF ST. PETER.—Nearly fifteen thousand dollars of the currency of the Central and People's Bank were returned by J. Jay Knox and E. S. Elington, to the Auditor of State yesterday, to be cancelled and burned. The people of St. Paul and vicinity have already received this currency with confidence, and that confidence of course will not be diminished with a degree of currency, or a corresponding increase of security.—*ib*.

THE HARVEST.—There have already been 114,000 in this place over 300 Reaping Machines, and yet there is a demand for some kinds which the agents will not be able to supply. Also of threshing machines—there were not a sufficient number manufactured and shipped here to supply our farmer friends. It is estimated in the country that there will be an average of 30 acres of grain to be harvested to every able working man.—Hired help is scarce, and we hear of \$2 per day being offered for hands to work through harvest.—*Winona Republican*.

COMING HOME.—Mr. Helge, who left this place for Pike's Peak, last May, on the 15th, says that a proclamation has been issued for the sale of 1,000,000 acres of heretofore unoffered lands in Minnesota, during October next. They include lands remaining to the United States from Railroad grants.—*Times*.

BRECKINRIDGE AT THE SOUTH.—The Breckinridge committee profess to be in the receipt of the most favorable accounts from the South where they assert Douglas has not the ghost of a chance. Nearly all the North Carolina electors have declared for Breckinridge, and Judge Ellis, the Democratic candidate for Governor has done the same thing. The information from the other Southern States is to the same effect, and proves conclusively that Douglas has been intensely discarded by the Southern Democracy and cannot carry one Southern State. With what face then, can his friends press him at the North, when it is clear that a vote for him anywhere is a vote thrown away.

We have gratifying accounts from all parts of the county of the enormous yield of the incoming crop. It is estimated that the amount of wheat alone tributary to this market will not be less than 100,000 bushels. This at seventy-five cents, will give our farming interests a capital of \$75,000 to say nothing of other crops. The rye itself will be a large item this year.—*Scott County Democrat*.

MR. J. E. BOSKEN, of this township, has a flock of 47 sheep, from which he recently sheared 64 lbs. of wool to the head. They are merinos, and rather small. He has thirty-seven lambs. From the sale of his wool he realizes over \$150 per head.—*Monteville Express*.

STATE FAIR.—Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky, has accepted the invitation extended to him to deliver the Address at the State Agricultural Fair, to be held at Fort Snelling, on the 23th, 27th, and 28th of September.

THE Wide Awake had an interesting meeting last evening, at Market Hall. After their usual business had been completed, John P. Owens, Esq., on behalf of A. L. Clettain, of Galena, Ill., presented to the Club a GAVEL made from a black walnut rail split by "Old Abe" thirty years ago.

MR. Owens accompanied the presentation with some appropriate remarks.—After adding credence to the authenticity of the fact that "Old Abe" with his own honest hands had split the rail from which this gavel was made, he alluded to the early life of Mr. Lincoln; that by a series of privations, and trials he had been gradually training for the high position to which the American people were about to elevate him.

MR. Owens concluded by expressing the wish that this gavel would be given to the President of the Republican State Convention during the deliberations of that body.—*Minnesotan*, 17th.

Douglasism Not Founded in Principle.

The St. Anthony Express on going in for Breckinridge, says that Douglas was forced upon the Democratic party by a species of man-worshipping, without regard to principle—and that there is no practical difference in the two platforms of principles. As an illustration how little principle had to do with the course of Douglas' friends, it remarks:

"When it was asserted by some of the Louisiana delegates that 40,000 more votes could be gained in that State by virtually proclaiming popular sovereignty, a humbug and shoving a plank under Douglas square against the doctrines contained in his famous Freeport speech, it was done without a dissenting voice.—Does not this show plainly enough that it was determined beforehand by the followers of Douglas that it should be Douglas, first last, and all the time, regardless of principle, of the wishes of the democracy of the Union, of the integrity of the party and in fact of the Union itself? It shows nothing else."

The Murderer of the Two Women at Brownsville Returned.

The following from the La Crosse Republican of the 17th, is the bloody sequel to the recent murder of the two women at Brownsville, Houston County, Minnesota.

THE BROWNVILLE MURDERER.—Jacob Rhider, the man who murdered two women at Brownsville, Minn., last week, has not yet been caught. He was at the house of a man named Hoguever in Houston county on Friday evening, 13th inst., where he procured food. He said he would never be arrested alive. He also said that he wanted his money which he left in his house, before he goes away, and is determined to have it. He is probably in the bluffs or forests of Houston county yet, and it is likely, he still has means of communicating his wishes to his friends. There is a reward of \$500 offered for his recovery. It is expected the Governor will also offer a reward. If Rhider is yet in that county he will probably be caught as large numbers of people are in pursuit of him.

LATER.—The Murderer Commits Suicide.—The Brownsville (Minn.) murderer, Jacob Rhider, returned to his home last night, about midnight making his entrance quietly through the back window. The object of his visit was either to get his money or murder his wife or do both. He had the knife with which he murdered his mother-in-law and sister-in-law, and also a loaded gun. The moment he struck a light, the vigilance committee or citizen's police, surrounded the house, and cut off his escape. He drank freely of whisky while in his house. Mr. Goodell approached him and asked him, "Jacob, will you give yourself up?" He answered, "Yes," and immediately placed the muzzle of his loaded gun in his mouth, and with his bare foot, moved the trigger, and killed himself on the spot. He has saved the country considerable expense, and gone to Hell sooner than the Devil wanted him.

LANDS IN MINNESOTA TO BE SOLD.—A telegraphic dispatch from Washington, of July 16th, says that a proclamation has been issued for the sale of 1,000,000 acres of heretofore unoffered lands in Minnesota, during October next. They include lands remaining to the United States from Railroad grants.—*Times*.

BRECKINRIDGE AT THE SOUTH.—The Breckinridge committee profess to be in the receipt of the most favorable accounts from the South where they assert Douglas has not the ghost of a chance. Nearly all the North Carolina electors have declared for Breckinridge, and Judge Ellis, the Democratic candidate for Governor has done the same thing. The information from the other Southern States is to the same effect, and proves conclusively that Douglas has been intensely discarded by the Southern Democracy and cannot carry one Southern State. With what face then, can his friends press him at the North, when it is clear that a vote for him anywhere is a vote thrown away.

Indian Troubles.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., July 16: The mail from New Mexico, with dates to the 2d, arrived this evening.

On the 8th inst. Mr. Thompson, who resides at Ash Creek, in the neighborhood of Pawnee Fork, discovered, as he supposed, some buffalo or ponies approaching the ranch, and the man he had employed, whose name was John Cunningham, went out for the purpose of seeing what they were. Mr. Thompson soon heard a noise, and upon looking, discovered Cunningham running towards the house, pursued by three Indians. The Indians shot three arrows into him, and just as he reached the house, fell dead. Thompson ran into the house, and fired three shots from a revolver at them, but without effect.—The Indians then closed on the house and set fire to it.

Thompson made his way out, and having two guns loaded, fired on them, and made his escape. As he was leaving, he heard the report of a gun. Next day he went back and found the dead body of a man by the name of Christian Krouse, who had been murdered by the same Indians.

The dead bodies were decently buried by a commanding officer at Pawnee. The Indians took all the clothing of the dead man, and scalped them. Krouse had been in the employ of Captain Scott, and was making his way to Missouri when killed.

From Washington.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The Times Washington correspondent says the new French Minister's official communication to the State Department was the announcement that France and England had declared war against China, giving assurance that neutral goods, except contraband would be protected.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The resolutions of the National Democratic Volunteers of New York, adopting President Buchanan's speech at the Breckinridge ratification meeting as an expression of their own views were presented to him yesterday, by Isaac Samuels, associate editor of the *Democratic Quarterly Review*. To-day the President acknowledged their receipt by a letter, in which he tenders a grateful expression of his thanks, speaks of himself as among the last of a race of men who have been the guardians of the Constitution and the Union. He remarks that the sacred duty of such guardians had descended to a new generation, and the only hope of perpetuating the Union rests on the observance of all constitutional obligations.

The Breckinridge Movement.

The Breckinridge National Executive Committee have, had addressed circulars to leading Democrats in every State and almost in every County, calling upon them to organize independently and to nominate distinct Electoral tickets.—Orders have also been issued by the Administration to the effect troops throughout the country to the same effect, with an intimation that refusal will be followed by removal. Some of the New York heads ought to feel uncomfortable. Mr. Breckinridge left here this afternoon to remain in Baltimore to-night, and then proceed to Kentucky. He may return during the summer, being the directing spirit of his own organization.—*Washington Cor. N. Y. Times*, 18th.

Massacre of Missionaries in Patagonia.

Under date of Valparaiso, June 2, 1860, the correspondent of the N. Y. Times says: The news received from the Straits of Magellan gives reason to fear that the Missionary schooner, Allen Gardner, named in honor of the mission-ary (a British naval officer) who perished through hunger five years ago, had been captured by the natives, and all on board killed. Mr. Schmidt, a German missionary, sustained by the same Society, has recently arrived here, having been twelve months among the Indians, in efforts to acquire their language and gain their good will.

"Not Harmonious."

ST. LOUIS, July 16.—The Democratic Convention to-day nominated a full ticket, including J. R. Pava for Congress by acclamation and Gen. Frost for State Senator. Col. Boggs, principal competitor of Gen. Frost, withdrew and made a Breckinridge speech to the outside crowd, and announced himself as an independent candidate. The Convention was not harmonious.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

COLUMBUS, July 16.—A freight train going east on the Ohio Central road this evening ran through a bridge across Alum Creek, three miles from this city.—The engine and two cars went through, a fireman named James Morrow, was a stranger name unknown, were killed.—The Engineer, named James Mullin, was badly injured. They were putting in a new bridge which was not quite finished, and something gave way.

SOMEWHAT TO THE POINT.—The Man- kato Independent disposes of the Railroad matter in the following brief manner:

THE RAILROAD QUESTION.—We regret to notice a disposition on the part of certain papers in the State—the St. Paul papers, particularly, to revive the Railroad discussion.

The Reporter.

LOCAL COLUMN.

Republicans Attend?

The Republican voters of Taylor Falls are requested to meet at the school house next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing three delegates to attend the County Convention to be held at this place on Wednesday, Aug. 1st.

Per Order.

PERSONAL.—S. D. Day, Esq., paid us a flying visit on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Day is a member of the firm of W. T. & S. D. Day & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, manufacturers of Printing Presses and all kinds of printing materials. We have had considerable dealings with this firm and have always found them prompt and reliable in all their business transactions. To the "craft" who wish anything in the printing line, we say order from Day & Co.

Our old friend, G. A. Dill Esq., of Prescott also gave us a call, on the day mentioned above. Both of these gentlemen were highly pleased with the looks of our town, and acknowledged that, Prescott and Cincinnati excepted, there was no such place in the country as Taylor Falls.

Mr. Frederick Dresser returned home from the East, on Saturday last, where he has been spending the past three months on a visit to his friends. "Fred" also declares that there is no such town in the world as Taylor Falls, and is inclined to the belief that he won't leave it again very soon.

See card of Strickland & Co., Book, Stationery, and School Book Jobbers, at Milwaukee, Wis. They are about to issue a monthly entitled the "Bookseller," which they will mail regularly, without charge, to any one who will send their address and twelve cents to pay postage one year. Their monthly will give all the announcements of new books, a complete list of new publications with the price of each, and also extracts from leading new books. Send along your address, with 12 cents, and get the "Bookseller" for a year.

The Crops.—The farmers in this county are very busy at the present time harvesting their wheat, rye, &c., the yield of which, as we have said before, will be as large as in any other portion of the State. This season there will be a surplus of wheat raised in Chisago county, which before has never been done, farmers and others having been compelled to send below for all the flour that has been consumed. Surely this will be an epoch in the history of our country.

THE CRANBERRY CROP.—We learn from Mr. Johnson Clever, of Columbus, that the cranberry crop this year will exceed any previous year since the settlement of the country. He states that no one living in the vicinity of Columbus ever witnessed such an abundant yield. Last year, it will be recollected the cranberry crop was a comparative failure.—Pioneer.

Last year if we recollect aright, the yield of cranberries was very large, and if the crop this year is as good every one should, and will be, satisfied. Ye Local of ye Pioneer is not posted in regard to the matter, else he would not have made the statement above. He was probably thinking of the cranberry crop in other States than Minnesota.

MR. VAN VORHIES, of the Stillwater Messenger says it wouldn't hurt his "phelinx" if some of his Chisago county friends would send him a bushel, a bushel and a half or two bushels of raspberries. Very likely not. But we are afraid friend Van will be compelled to manage as we do if he desires so large an amount of these delicious berries—that is, go and pick them himself.

The river is getting very low, and it is with some difficulty that the Allen makes her regular trips to this port. On Friday night of last week she was detained some four or five hours on a sand bar near town. She finally "spurred off," and arrived here at about 3 o'clock on Saturday morning. On Monday last she got aground on the sand bar just below the Folsom Mill, and could not work her way over. Her freight was brought from that place to town on a barge.

We are informed by our friend Wm. Yeo, Esq., of St. Croix Falls, who by the way is as good a miller as there is in any country, that heground, on Saturday last, two lots of rye, of this year's production. He also states that the wheat harvest will soon commence in his county, and that a large yield is anticipated. Good for Polk county.

LOCAL ITEMS are exceedingly scarce this week, as our readers will observe by the slimness of our local column.—We shall do better hereafter, if possible.

Dr. Guyssott's improved extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, the original and only genuine preparation for the permanent cure of Consumption and Diseases of the Lungs where they are supposed to be affected by the too free use of Mercury, Iron, Quinine, &c.

The Shaker-prepared "Yellow Dock" and the "Red Honduras Sarsaparilla" are the invaluable remedial agents from which Dr. Guyssott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is formulated; and the laboratory of Dr. Guyssott has given us the virtues of these roots in their perfection. His preparation contains all of the restorative properties of the roots, combined and concentrated in their most strength and efficacy.

The St. Louis Herald has a cut at the head of its column, representing Douglas in his shirt sleeves, with a hammer making chairs, as an offset to "Honest Old Abe" splitting rails. Douglas looks better in this position than in any other, and it is unfortunate for the country he did not continue in his honest advocacy. He no doubt can make chairs better than he can make the people believe he is or ever was their true friend.

The Douglas and Breckinridge fusion in Pennsylvania has entirely broken down, but even had it succeeded the Republicans must have triumphed. The People's party men are all for Lincoln, and the Bell vote will consequently be extremely light.

The German population in this country is estimated at 7,500,000.

Special Notices.

Democratic County Convention.

A Convention of delegates from the various towns in Chisago County, will be held at Taylor Falls on Saturday the 11th day of August, 1880, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing three delegates to attend the State Convention to be held at St. Paul on the 22d of the same month, for the purpose of nominating Douglas Presidential Electors, Representatives to Congress and other State officers. The convention will also, at the same time nominate the necessary county officers to be voted for at the coming election. The different towns will be entitled to the following number of delegates:—Sunrise city, 4; Taylor Falls, 4; Rushesba, 3; Amador, 1; Wyoming, 3; Chisago Lake, 2; Franconia, 1. It is hoped that the towns will be fully represented.

By order of the county Committee.

L. A. PARMENTER, Chairman.

Scrofula, Syphilis and Diseased Blood.

DR. GUYSSOTT'S IMPROVED EXTRACT OF

Yellow Dock & Sarsaparilla

IS A TRUE SPECIFIC.

Scrofula, Scrofula and Diseased Blood.—Dr. Guyssott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is a true specific. The proprietors have in their possession over one hundred certificates of the most extraordinary cures effected by it. We can safely say that it cures the most obstinate cases of Scrofula. It restores the drooping constitution, eradicates all bad humors from the blood, and its tonic properties, restores the invalid to life and vigor. As a spring and summer medicine, it has no equal. Its singularly efficacious action on the blood, its strengthening and vivifying action on the system stands prominently above all other Sarsaparillas. If you would have the rose brought back to your cheek, a clear, healthy transparent skin, and life and vigor infused through the system, take Guyssott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It contains more of the pure Honduras Sarsaparilla than any other preparation extant: which is chemically combined with the extract of Yellow Dock and the extract of Wild Cherry, thus making the remedy more thoroughly efficient than any other Sarsaparilla before the public. At the same time it is perfectly free from mineral poisons, which cannot be said of any other Sarsaparilla compound.

22 1m

New Advertisements.

STRICKLAND & CO.

Book, Stationery,

And School Book Jobbers,

MILWAUKEE,

Are offering in large or small quantities, the largest stock in the West, at prices which must prove satisfactory to all customers.

Blank Book Manufacturers, Printers, Bookbinders, and dealers in Wall Paper. American Sabbath School Union Publications.

LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS,

M. C. TUTTLE,

Third Street, Over Express Office,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

This is the only establishment west of Chicago where

Life Size Photographs

Are or Can Be Made.

Having secured the services of a FIRST CLASS

Artist, I am prepared to make Photo-

graphs from miniature to life

size, either plain or in oil.

Persons having daguerreotypes

or ambrotypes of deceased friends

can have them enlarged and colored to life

Pictures of all kinds

made in the most approved

style. Leather pictures and

ambrotypes made for FIFTY CENTS.

Stock and apparatus furnished to country

operators on the most reasonable terms.

For Cash.

22 1y

Dr. Guyssott's Improved

EXTRACT OF

Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla,

WILL CURE WITHOUT FAIL.

Scrofula or King's evil, cancer, tumors, eruptions of the skin, erysipelas, chronic eye, gonorrhea or tetter, scald heads, rhumatism, pains in the bones and joints, old sores and ulcers, swelling of the glands, syphilis, dyspepsia, salt rheum, diseases of the kidneys, loss of appetite, disease arising from the use of mercury, pain in the sides and shoulders, general debility, dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

The following case of Benjamin Hughes, is one of the most astonishing on record. After forty years' sickness, two years' extraordinary torture, the appetites of our food and the body and limbs almost a mass of eating, parting, the hanging stone, he was cured by eight bottles of Guyssott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, in almost miraculous place where to buy my remedy.

READ THE CERTIFICATE.

THOMPSON CO., ALA., Jan. 2

Dr. Guyssott—When I was afflicted for forty years with eruptions on my face and feet. In 1848 they got so bad that I had to go to the hospital, and was there for nine months. I was cured by the use of your medicine, and I am now a healthy man. My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no more pain in my sides and shoulders. I have no more general debility. I have no more dropsy, jaundice, leucorrhoea, &c.

My wife and children are all well. I have no more eruptions. I feel like a new man. I have no

Republican Platform Adopted at Chicago.

Resolved, That we, the delegates representing the Republican electors of the United States, in Convention assembled, in the discharge of the duty we owe to our constituents and our country, unite in the following declarations:

1. That the history of the nation during the last four years, fully establishes the propriety and necessity of the organization and perpetuation of the Republican party; and that the causes which called it into existence are permanent in their nature, and, more than ever before, demand its peaceful and constitutional triumph.

2. That the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence and embodied in the Federal Constitution, "That all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed"—is essential to the preservation of our Republican institutions, and that the Federal Constitution, the Rights of the States, and the Union of the States, must and shall be preserved.

3. That to the Union of the States this nation owes its unprecedented increase in population, its surprising development of material resources, its rapid augmentation of wealth, its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hold in abhorrence all schemes of disunion, come from whatever source they may; and we congratulate the country, that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced the threats of disunion so often made by Democratic members, without rebuke and with applause from their political associates; and we denounce those threats of disunion, in case of a popular overthrow of their ascendancy, as denying the vital principles of a free government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which it is the imperative duty of an indignant people sternly to rebuke and forever silence.

4. That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of powers which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends; and we denounce the lawless invasion by armed force of the soil of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.

5. That the present Democratic Administration has far exceeded our worst apprehensions, in its measureless subservience to the passions of a sectional interest, as especially evinced in its desperate exertions to force the infamous Lecompton Constitution upon the protesting people of Kansas; in constraining the personal relation between the master and servant to involve an unequal property in persons; in its attempted enforcement, everywhere, on land and sea, through the intervention of Congress and of the Federal Courts, of the extension of a purely local interest; and in its general and unvarying abuse of the power intrusted to it by a confiding people.

6. That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which prevades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans; while the recent startling developments of frauds and corruptions at the federal metropolis, show that an entire change of administration is imperatively demanded.

7. That the new dogma that the Constitution, of its own force, carries slavery into any or all of Territories of the United States, is a dangerous political provision of that instrument itself, with contemporaneous exposition, and with legislative precedent; is revolutionary in its tendency and subversive of the peace and harmony of the country.

8. That the normal condition of all the territory of the United States is that of freedom: That as our Republican fathers, when they had abolished slavery in all our national territory, ordained that "no person should be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law," it becomes our duty, by legislation, whenever such legislation is necessary, to maintain this provision of the Constitution against all attempts to violate it; and we deny the authority of Congress, of territorial legislature, or of any individuals, to give legal existence to slavery in any territory of the United States.

9. That we brand the recent reopening of the African slave-trade, under the cover of our National flag, aided by perquisitions of judicial power, as a crime against humanity and a burning shame to our country and age; and we call upon Congress to take prompt and efficient measures for the total and final suppression of that execrable traffic.

10. That in the recent votes, by their Federal Governors, of the acts of the Legislatures of Kansas and Nebraska, prohibiting slavery in those territories, we find a practical illustration of the boasted Democratic principles of non-interference and popular sovereignty, embodied in the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and a demonstration of the deception and fraud involved therein.

11. That Kansas should, of right, be immediately admitted as a State under the Constitution recently formed and adopted by her people, and accepted by the House of Representatives.

12. That while providing revenue for the support of the General Government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imports as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend that policy of national exchanges which secures to

the working men liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, to mechanics and manufacturers adequate reward for their skill labor and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

13. That we protest against any sale or alienation to others of the public lands held by actual settlers, and against any view of the free homestead policy which regards the settlers as paupers or suppliants for public bounty, and we demand the passage by Congress of the complete and satisfactory homestead measure which has already passed the House.

14. That the National Republican party is opposed to any change in our naturalization laws, or any State legislation by which the rights of citizenship hitherto accorded to immigrants from foreign lands shall be abridged and impaired; and in favor of giving a full and efficient protection to the rights of all classes of citizens, whether native or naturalized, both at home or abroad.

15. That appropriations by Congress for River and Harbor improvements of a national character, required for the accommodation and security of an existing commerce, are authorized by the Constitution, and justified by the obligation of Government to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

16. That a Railroad to the Pacific ocean is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country; that the Federal Government ought to render immediate and efficient aid in its construction; and that, as preliminary thereto, a daily Overland Mail should be promptly established.

17. Finally, having thus set forth our distinctive principles and views, we invite the co-operation of all citizens, however differing on other questions, who substantially agree with us in their affirmation and support.

Folsom & Dresser,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

—18—
DRY GOODS,
AND

Ready Made Clothing,
Groceries & Provisions,

HARDWARE, &c.,
TAYLOR FALLS,

CHISAGO COUNTY, MIN.

A Full Assortment of
PLANES,
CHISELS,
FILES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HOES,
SHOVELS,
HAY FORKS,
BUTTS & SCREWS,
RIFLES,
DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS,
POWDER FLASKS,
PERCUSSION CAPS,
&c., &c.

SADDLERY.
Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Collars
&c., &c., &c.

BOOTS & SHOES,
Of every style.

LADIES' GAITERS,
HALF GAITERS,
SLIPPERS,
MISSIES GAITERS,
BOYS' AND YOUTHS'
BOOTS & SHOES.

Queensware.
A general assortment of every style and description.

FURNITURE.
BEDSTEADS, TABLES,
ROCKERS, STANDS,
CHAIRS, &c., &c.

TIN WARE.
A large and full assortment of every description.

PAINTS & OILS.
GLAZES, CULIVATORS, GRINDSTONES,
Stove Pipe, &c., &c.,
At such prices as cannot fail to suit customers, for
Cash or Ready Pay.
Positively no Goods Sold on Credit.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1

Bateaux and Skiffs.
ALWAYS on hand and for sale cheap, at my shop near the Chicago Mill, the best of boats, at reduced rates.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. PETER ABEAR. n1-1

Chicago Seminary,

LOCATED AT
Taylor Falls, Minnesota,
Under the Supervision of

Mr. & Mrs. A. A. York.

Taylor Falls is beautifully situated on the west bank of the St. Croix river nearly opposite St. Croix City, and for its grandeur and romantic scenery, stands unsurpassed in the Northwest. Below the Falls, the trap rock makes a bold rise of nearly two hundred feet, terminating in rocky bluffs, which gradually ascend for several rods back from the river. Upon this eminence stands the Institution, commanding a full view of the river, with its charming and picturesque scenery for a distance of several miles; while on either side the prospect is equally delightful, making it a desirable spot for those wishing to obtain a thorough education preparatory to a Collegiate course, as every exertion will be made on the part of the Teachers to render it both pleasant and profitable to the student. Competent teachers will be engaged as the school requires.—Board can be obtained near the Institution on reasonable terms.

TERMS OF TUITION:
Common English Branches, \$4 per term 12 weeks, higher branches, \$6.
Extra charges for ornamental branches and music.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1

Folsom House,
TAYLOR FALLS, - MINNESOTA
W. W. FOLSOM, Proprietor.

(Corner Government and Basal Streets.)
The proprietor would take this method of informing the traveling public that his commodious house has recently been fitted up in the best style, and is ready to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His rooms are clean, and the tables are furnished with everything the market affords, so that none who come need go away cold or hungry. In fact, no pains will be spared in making the stay of his guests pleasant. Boarders taken by the day or week, on reasonable terms.
A good stable is also attached to the house.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23, 1890. n1-1

John H. Smith,
BLACKSMITH,
Government Street.
Practical horse shoeing and blacksmithing in general promptly attended to. A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited, and the public are assured that entire satisfaction will be given; terms reasonable. 2-y

LINE FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale to the citizens of Taylor Falls and vicinity, the best quality of Lime. Those who desire can be accommodated at the St. Croix Lime Kiln, by furnishing barrels, at 80 cents per barrel. I will also deliver it, in good shape, at \$1.35 per barrel.
OSCEOLA, WIS., May 10, 1890. 12-6m
SAML. WALL

Lands and Town Lots
FOR SALE.
TOWN lots in Taylor Falls and lands in the vicinity constantly on hand for sale. Also, lands in the vicinity of Sunrise City and in Pine county, for sale cheap. Inquire of
N. C. D. TAYLOR,
No. 75, First-st., Taylor Falls, Min. n2-1y

W. S. Peck,
HOUSE, SIGN, DECORATIVE,
—AND—
Ornamental Painter
IMITATOR OF
WOOD AND MARBLE,
&c., &c., &c.

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to make immediate arrangements to satisfy the same. Those whose notes and accounts are nearly outlived, unless soon settled, in justice to myself, I shall be compelled to add costs to, by obtaining judgments.
A word to the wise is sufficient.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1
W. H. C. FOLSOM.

CITY BREWERY,
TAYLOR FALLS, - MINNESOTA.
The proprietors take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have a first class Brewery in full operation, where can always be found good Lager, Small Beer, and Ale. All orders promptly attended to. Brewery in the rear of the Chicago House.
SCHOTTMULLER & BROTHER,
n3-1y

Blacksmithing,
A. C. SEVEY,
TAYLOR FALLS, MINNESOTA.
WOULD inform the citizens of Taylor Falls and vicinity, that he can be found at all at a smith shop on Bench street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash. Horse shoeing done upon the shortest notice, and in a manner warranted to give satisfaction. n1-y

Anton Baier,
Boot & Shoe Maker,
Bench Street,
TAYLOR FALLS, MINNESOTA.
ALL kinds of custom boot and shoe making, executed promptly, in a style, and on reasonable terms warranted to give satisfaction. I am bound to keep my seat, and stick like wax to the last; so give me a call, and you'll get satisfaction for your money.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1y

ATH and Lumber given in exchange for flour, wheat, oats and pork.
W. H. C. FOLSOM.

SAW MILL

—AND—
WATER POWER,
FOR SALE.

THE St. Croix Manufacturing and Improvement Company offer their Saw Mill and Water Power for sale. It is situated at the

FALLS OF ST. CROIX,
POLK COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

The head of navigation, and is nearer to the great cities of the St. Croix river and its tributaries, than any other mill property.—The Mill is in

Good Running Order,
CONTAINING

One Muley, Four Sash
—AND—
One Circular Saw.

—ALSO—
Lathe and Shingle M'chines,

Capable of turning out from twenty-five to thirty thousand feet of lumber per day. Piers and Booms are all in good order.

—ALSO—
Water power will be leased or sold at reasonable rates, to run mills for the manufacture of

BUCKETS, TUBS, CHURNS,
SPOKES & WAGONS.

In short, all articles fabricated from wood.—The materials for such manufactures abound in and around the Falls.

—ALSO—
A GRIST MILL

Complete, with two run of stone, capable of being increased to four—in fine order and turned by the water from springs which have never failed.

—ALSO—
A great number of

TOWN LOTS
With or without houses,
FOR SALE CHEAP.

All persons desiring to locate in the Northwest, would do well to give this place an examination before concluding finally to settle. Its position, at the head of navigation, the nearest point on the navigable waters of the Mississippi to Lake Superior, and its immense manufacturing facilities, destined to be, at no distant day, a most important point, as to wealth and population.

Any further information will be given by addressing
R. C. MURPHY,
St. Croix Falls, Wis., Feb. 23. n1-1

Smith & Whittings,
MERCHANTS
AND
General Traders.

—ALSO DEALERS IN
LOGS AND LUMBER.

Constantly on hand
SEASONED DRESSED SIDING
AND
FLORIDING.

NO. 7, FIRST STREET.
n1-1y

Atlantic Monthly.
Commencement of a New Volume.

With the number for January, 1890, the Atlantic Monthly will enter upon its FIFTH VOLUME.

In making this announcement we think it proper to say, simply, that no change will be made in the general plan of the magazine, that all the writers whose contributions have established it in popular favor, will continue to make it their medium of communication with the public; and that the relations of the publishers with authors, on both sides the Atlantic, will enable them to add materially to the variety, interest and value of its pages.

They have the greatest pleasure in announcing that the number for January contains the first chapters of a

NEW ROMANCE,
ENTITLED
THE PROFESSOR'S STORY.

Written expressly for its pages, by
Olivier Wendell Holmes,
To be continued in succeeding numbers of the magazine throughout the year.

TERMS.—Single numbers, 25 cents. Three Dollars per year, postage paid to any part of the United States.

CLUBS.—Two copies \$5; five copies, \$10; seven copies, \$14.—The subscribers paying their own postage, viz: 36 cents per year. Clergymen, teachers and postmasters, will receive the magazine at two dollars per year, as heretofore.

Subscriptions may commence with any number; and as all the numbers are stereotyped, back numbers can always be furnished. All orders should be addressed to
TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington-st., Boston.

W. H. C. Folsom,
DEALER IN

Real Estate,
TAYLOR FALLS, MIN.

A CHOICE selection of farming lands always on hand which will be sold on the most reasonable terms to those wishing to make permanent homes.
Taylor Falls, Feb. 23. n1-1y

J. SPENCE WHITE. R. A. JAY.
White & Jay,
Attorneys at Law,
Prescott, Wisconsin.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the State of Wisconsin, and attend by arrangements with reliable firms, to claims in any part of the United States. Office in "Swamp's Building" (up stairs) Broad street. n1-1y

PRESCOTT ADVS.

J. M. McKee,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

—IN—
BOOKS & STATIONERY,
Concert Hall Building,
RESCOTT, - - - WIS.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of Blank and School Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Toys and Yankee Notions. Harrison's best

Toilet and Wash. g soaps,

Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts,
Whips, Canes, Willow Ware, Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Pens of every variety, Harrissons, Conger & Fields, Davids, and Arnold's

WRITING FLUIDS AND INKS,
Diaries and Journals for 1890, Juvenile Books, Bird Cages, Door Mats, Cigars, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention.

The Book and Variety Store is the oldest establishment of the kind in the St. Croix Valley, and having had a long experience in the business, I am confident that I can sell goods cheaper than can be purchased at any house in the country. My motto, "Quick sales and small profits," will be strictly adhered to; and all in want of anything in my line, will please give me a call and satisfy themselves, both in respect to quality and price. n1-1y

N. S. Dunbar,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

—IN—
Groceries & Provisions,
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN,

Pork, Fish, Salt, Butter, Lard, Oils,
CHEESE, SYRUPS,
Wooden and Willow Ware, Rope,
NAILS, ETC., ETC.

—ALSO—
A Fine lot of Segars & Liquors.

Country Produce always on hand.
NO. 7, L VEE.
PRESCOTT, - - - WIS. n1-1y

G. H. Nichols,
Commission Merchant,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries & Provisions,
WINES, LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A GOOD supply of boat stores constantly on hand. Also, a large supply of pork, hams, shoulders and lard kept on hand, and for sale at wholesale and retail, at the lowest rates for cash.
Brick Building, on the Levee, Prescott, Wisconsin. n1-1y

Barnes & Hutchins,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,
GENERAL RAILROAD

—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
NO. 2, LEVIE.

Prescott, - - - - - Wis. n1-1y

A. O. Snyder,
DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Iron,
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
BOTS and SHOES, &c., &c.

In fact, everything a man wants or can think of in the mercantile business. At the sign of the Big Store, Broad street, Prescott, Wisconsin. n1-1y

Dill & Brother,
DEALERS IN

Groceries & Provisions,
Wines, Liquors & Segars,
BOOTS & SHOES, and a great variety of

YANKEE NOTIONS.
BROAD STREET, - - - PRESCOTT, WIS. n1-1y

Steam Cabinet
AND
Chair Factory.

HERZOG, continues to manufacture all kinds of Furniture, which he offers cheap for cash or produce, at wholesale or retail, at the old stand of the Prescott Steam Cabinet and Chair Factory, Broad street, Prescott, Wisconsin. n1-1y

Olivier Gibbs, Jr.,
PRESCOTT, PIERCE CO. WISCONSIN.

WILL buy and sell lands on Commission, pay taxes and attend interests of non-residents generally, buy and sell Land Warrant, negotiate Loans, &c., &c.
Also Commission of Deeds for all the Northern States. n1-1y

A. H. Young,
CLERK OF THE COURT

—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC.

WILL attend to paying taxes in Pierce and St. Croix counties. Deeds etc. promptly executed.
Also General Life and Fire Insurance Agent. Office in Concert Hall Building, Prescott, Wis. n1-1y

I. A. Horn,
DENTIST,
PRESCOTT, - - - WIS.

OFFICE in R. S. Griffin's new building. (Second story) Broad street. All work warranted. Terms, reasonable. n1-1y

J. W. MULLEN

STEAMBOAT AGENT,
STORAGE, FORWARDING

—AND—
Commission Merchant,
DEALER IN

Groceries & Provisions,
WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Segars.
Cash Paid for Hides and Furs.

Produce of all kinds wanted. n1-1y

THE INDEPENDENT.

Among the attractive features of *The Independent* for the present year, by which its columns will be greatly enriched for general reading will be special contributions from

HENRY WARD BEECHER,
JOHN G. WHITTIER,
MRS. HARRIET B. STOWE,
REV. DR. G. B. CHEEVER.

Also a Sermon from REV. HENRY WAID BEECHER every week, revised by the author.

Every number of *The Independent* will contain a complete weekly history of affairs, both Foreign and Domestic, Secular and Religious, together with the latest intelligence from all religious Denominations—such as Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian, Congregational, Reformed Dutch, Unitarian, Universalist, Episcopalian, and Roman Catholic.

Among the special departments is a *Commercial and Financial Article*, prepared with great care every week; an interesting page of Family Reading, with a column of stories for children; a weekly digest of Foreign Miscellany; the latest intelligence in Art, Literature, and Science; Correspondents from all sections of the United States, and from England, France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, the Holy Land, India, Southern Africa, the Sandwich Islands, and various parts of South America.

Terms—\$2 a year (in every case) by mail, \$2.50 by carrier—payable always in advance.

Specimen Numbers sent gratis. Single Copies six cents.

Subscribers, New and Old, will please remit at our risk direct to the Publisher. When paying an agent, be careful to see his certificate of authority signed "J. H. Richards, Publisher."

Address PUBLISHER OF THE INDEPENDENT,
No. 5 Beekman street, New York.

Unquestionably the Best Sustained Work of the Kind in the World.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

The most popular monthly in the world.—No. 100 v. 1. No magazine in the past or present has so well known—none has sold so many numbers, and we may safely say none has received so large a tribute of admiration from the cultivated classes, that delight in a healthy, diversified, elevating periodical literature. It is the foremost magazine of the day. The first issue ever had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more entertaining friend than Harper's Magazine.—*—Merrill's Postmaster.*

Twenty-five cents buys it—the cheapest, rich and most lasting luxury for the money that we know. Three dollars secures it for one year, and what three dollars ever went so far? Put the same amount in clothes, eating, drink, g. furniture, and how much of a substantial thing is obtained? If ideas, facts and sentiments have a monetary value—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the pleasures that bring a gentle smile, and brighten the passage of a youth to your brain, and the happy combination of the real and the imaginary, without which no man can live a life above the animal, are to be put into the scale—what value can be placed on a volume of the